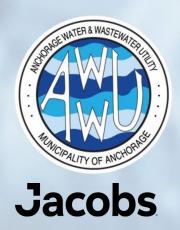


Asplund WWTF 301(h) Permit Coordination Technical Meeting

May 19, 2022 3pm AST/4pm PST Teams Meeting



Project and Meeting Goals

Project Goal: Provide the technical information to allow EPA/ADEC to make informed decisions for a permit reissuance

Meeting Goal: Establish communications and information exchange on 301(h) Renewal for AWWU Asplund WWTF Permit; get feedback on proposed project schedule



Agenda

- Introductions -- EPA, ADEC, AWWU, Jacobs
- Existing Data Sources
- Data Collections for Renewal
- Approach to Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) and Data Collections
- Mixing Zone Study Approach
- Proposed NMFS Engagement
- Next Steps



Existing Data Sources from NPDES Monitoring & 301(h) Studies

Data Category	Requirement	Frequency	Most Recent			
Inlet Water Quality Data Metals, PAHs, bacteria, TRC - yearly Priority Pollutants (added in 2022)	Permit Language	Once a year	2021			
Sediment Sampling	Permit Language	Once	2003			
Fish Tissue Sampling (in lieu of algae)	Permit Language	Once	2004			
Fish population survey	Permit – not req.	None	None			
Benthic Infauna (subtidal & intertidal)	Prior Permit	Twice	1989			
Influent, Effluent, & Sludge – Priority Pollutants (PP)	Permit Language	Twice/year – PP Six/year – Metals Quarterly - WET	Summer 2021			

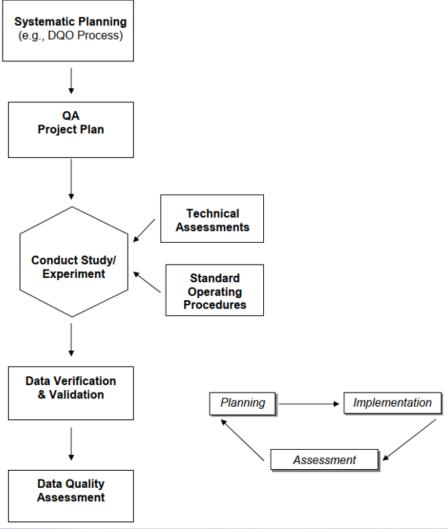


Data Collections Assumed for NPDES/301(h) Renewal

Data Category	Use/Need	Frequency	Planned				
Inlet Water Quality Data Metals, PAHs, bacteria, TRC - yearly Priority Pollutants	301(h) Questionnaire	Once a year	2022 & 2023				
Sediment Sampling	301(h) Questionnaire	Once	2022 or 2023				
Marine Bathymetry & Habitat Survey	301(h) Questionnaire	Once	Summer 2022				
Fish Tissue Sampling	301(h) Questionnaire	Once	2022 or 2023				
Fish population survey	301(h) Questionnaire	Once	2022 or 2023				
Benthic Infauna (subtidal & intertidal)	301(h) Questionnaire	Once	2022 or 2023				
Influent, Effluent, & Sludge – Priority Pollutants (PP)	301(h) Questionnaire	Twice/year – PP Six/year – Metals Quarterly - WET	Summer 2022				



Approach to QAPP & Data Collections



DRAFT OUTLINE FOR QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLAN (Abbreviated)

- Introduction and Background
- 2 Project Management, Organization, and Data Quality Objectives
- 3 Data Generation and Acquisition
 - 3.1 Effluent
 - 3.2 Receiving Water Quality
 - 3.3 Marine Bathymetry and Surficial Habitat Survey
 - 3.4 Sediments
 - 3.5 Benthic Infauna Community
 - 3.6 Demersal and Nearshore Fish Community
 - 3.7 Fish Tissue Bioaccumulation Survey
- 4 Quality Assurance
 - 4.1 Quality Assurance Requirements
 - 4.2 Quality Assurance Procedures
 - 4.3 Quality Control Procedures
 - 4.4 Decontamination Procedures
 - 4.5 Sample Custody
 - 4.6 Calibration and Preventive Maintenance
 - 4.7 Training and Recordkeeping
 - 4.8 Data Management
- 5 Assessment and Oversight
 - 5.1 Audits and Assessments
 - 5.2 Corrective Actions
 - 5.3 Reports to Management
- 6 Data Management and Validation
 - 6.1 Data Review and Verification
 - 6.2 Data Validation
 - 6.3 QA Reports
- 7 Study Documentation
- 6 References Cited

Appendixes



Data Collections in the QAPP

- 3.1 Effluent
 - **➢ Ongoing NPDES monitoring and priority pollutants**
- 3.2 Receiving Water Quality
 - Ongoing NPDES monitoring plus additional priority pollutants
- 3.3 Marine Bathymetry and Surficial Habitat Survey
 - Multi-beam sonar survey provides detailed bathymetry and habitat images
- 3.4 Sediments
 - Subtidal and intertidal sampling sites near the AWWTF outfall and control site (Point MacKenzie) for physical and chemical analyses



Data Collections in the QAPP

- 3.5 Benthic Infauna Community
 - Subtidal and intertidal sampling sites near the AWWTF outfall and control site (Point MacKenzie) for collection of benthic invertebrates for classification and enumeration
- 3.6 Demersal and Nearshore Fish Community
 - Intertidal beach seining and mid-water trawls within the ZID and at control sites (near Point MacKenzie)
- 3.7 Fish Tissue Bioaccumulation Survey
 - Fish tissue chemical analyses (priority pollutants) on selected abundant organism during fish sampling (Pacific cod?)



Proposed Approach to QAPP Preparation and Reviews

Proposed Schedule

- Near term provide QAPP Outline
- End of June 2022 provide draft QAPP
- Mid-July 2022 QAPP Review Workshop with EPA/DEC
- Phase 1 Field Work -- August to October 2022

Alternative Schedule

- Q1 2023 provide draft QAPP
- Q2 2023 QAPP Review Workshop with EPA/DEC
- Phase 1 Field Work -- August to October 2023



Proposed Schedule with Field Work in 2022/2023

			2022			2023				2024				2025			
(Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
Strategy/Chartering/Agency Consultation																	
Data Gap/Literature Review																	
QAPP Preparation																	
Phase 1 Field WorkSept/Oct																	
Mixing Zone Plan and Mixing Zone Study					A = 7												
Phase 2 Biological Field Work-Sept/Oct																	
Updated Study Plans (as requested by Agencies)									A = 7								
401 Analyses/Form 2G/Other Permit Documents					A = 7				A = 7								
Draft and Final Permit Application Supplement													A = 7				

Advantages

- Higher assurance of getting two rounds of field work prior to permit application supplement
- Supports earlier mixing zone study work

Disadvantages

May limit feedback in 2022 from EPA/DEC/NMFS



Alternative Schedule with Field Work in 2023/2024

20														
2022			2023				2024				2025			
2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4

Advantages

- Allows longer review times for EPA/DEC/NMFS
- Less chance for additional data collections, if needed

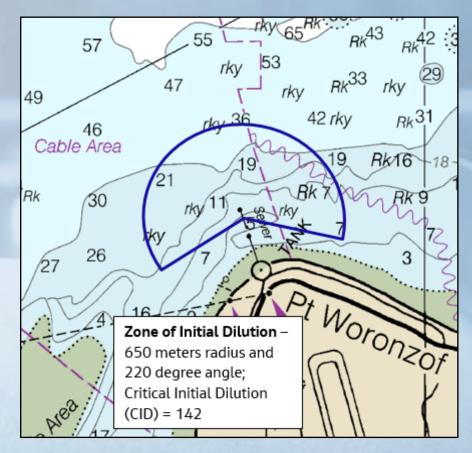
Disadvantages

- Higher risk that only one round of field data collections available
- Could slow Mixing Zone Study work



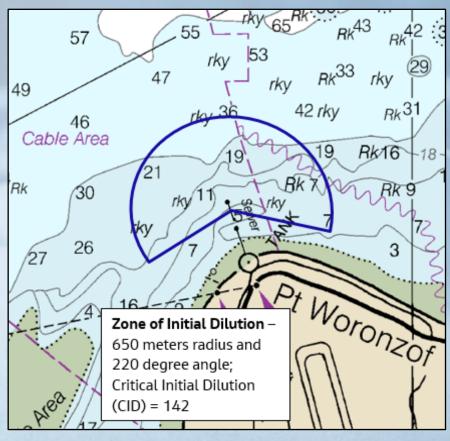
Mixing Zone Approach for Asplund WWTF

- Discharge site characteristics are unique and unlike
 SE AK dischargers -- shallow site with extreme tidal
 current velocities and mixing
- Step 1 Conduct screening modeling using DKHW, UM3, and CORMIX models with historic effluent flows and receiving water conditions – to assess and match results
- Step 2 Conduct direct comparisons between dilution modeling results and field tracer study measurements for the Asplund outfall diffuser
- Step 3 Select representative dilution model based on field-measured dilutions





- Step 4 Confirm definition of completion of initial dilution (1% difference between effluent and ambient density) – as applied in 2005 renewal application
- Step 5 Communicate with EPA and DEC
- Step 6 Develop updated effluent characteristics data to develop updated dilution modeling results
- Step 7 Conduct dilution modeling using selected model and existing and projected effluent flows





Coordination with NMFS--Suggest engaging NMFS as early as possible

- Consult prior to Phase 1 Field Work
- Requesting EPA and NMFS review comments on 2011 Biological Evaluation
- Discuss requirements for BE update to support NMFS Biological Opinion
- Discuss timeline for Biological Opinion for 301(h) and NPDES renewal



Proposed Schedule Assumed:

- QAPP Outline for EPA/DEC review in May
- Draft QAPP late June 2022
- QAPP Review Workshop with EPA/DEC Mid-July 2022
- Phase 1 Field Work -- August to October 2022